**String Assignment :**

1. In Java, string is basically an object that represents sequence of char values.
2. In Java, there are two types of strings: mutable string (String) and immutable string (StringBuilder,StringBuffer)
3. There are two ways to create a String object: By string literal and By new keyword

Example :

String s = “PW”;

String s = new String(“PW”);

1. String Pool in Java is a special storage space in Java Heap memory where string literals are stored.
2. A mutable object can be changed after it's created, and an immutable object can't be changed after it's created.
3. String pool is a storage space in the Java heap memory where string literals are stored.